

## Easy math problems for kids 20

You enter a number from 1 to 9 in the squares, but numbers can only be used once.

1.  $\boxed{9} \times \boxed{4} \div \boxed{6} + \boxed{3} - \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{4}$

2.  $\boxed{5} \times \boxed{8} \div \boxed{2} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} - \boxed{1} = \boxed{23}$

3.  $\boxed{1} \times \boxed{8} \div \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{5} - \boxed{7} = \boxed{2}$

4.  $\boxed{3} \times \boxed{\phantom{0}} \div \boxed{2} + \boxed{5} - \boxed{4} = \boxed{10}$

5.  $\boxed{\phantom{0}} \times \boxed{8} \div \boxed{1} + \boxed{9} - \boxed{3} = \boxed{22}$

6.  $\boxed{2} \times \boxed{3} \div \boxed{1} + \boxed{7} - \boxed{\phantom{0}} = \boxed{8}$

7.  $\boxed{5} \times \boxed{7} \div \boxed{1} + \boxed{\phantom{0}} - \boxed{8} = \boxed{36}$

8.  $\boxed{8} \times \boxed{9} \div \boxed{\phantom{0}} + \boxed{7} - \boxed{5} = \boxed{38}$

9.  $\boxed{2} \times \boxed{\phantom{0}} \div \boxed{6} + \boxed{5} - \boxed{4} = \boxed{2}$

10.  $\boxed{\phantom{0}} \times \boxed{8} \div \boxed{2} + \boxed{1} - \boxed{4} = \boxed{9}$

## Easy math problems for kids 20

Results:

1.  $9 \times 4 \div 6 + 3 - 5 = 4$

2.  $5 \times 8 \div 2 + 4 - 1 = 23$

3.  $1 \times 8 \div 2 + 5 - 7 = 2$

4.  $3 \times 6 \div 2 + 5 - 4 = 10$

5.  $2 \times 8 \div 1 + 9 - 3 = 22$

6.  $2 \times 3 \div 1 + 7 - 5 = 8$

7.  $5 \times 7 \div 1 + 9 - 8 = 36$

8.  $8 \times 9 \div 2 + 7 - 5 = 38$

9.  $2 \times 3 \div 6 + 5 - 4 = 2$

10.  $3 \times 8 \div 2 + 1 - 4 = 9$